NTU encourages course teams to utilise the European Commission’s student mobility programme (Erasmus). Erasmus can offer NTU students the opportunity to undertake funded study exchanges for 2-12 months at an approved EU partner institution.

The University also encourages international exchanges outside of the Erasmus programme, through study at an approved partner institution.

1. Introduction

1.1 This supplement sets out the University’s formal quality assurance arrangements for courses incorporating Erasmus or international exchanges.

1.2 The supplement emphasises the need for sound planning prior to a student’s departure (with particular attention to student support). It also includes requirements for credit transfer and grade conversion.

Explanatory notes

- At all times these requirements refer to the inclusion of an Erasmus or international exchange within an approved course specification, wherein the course outcomes remain unchanged and the final award for Erasmus or international exchange students will be the same as that for students completing the course entirely at NTU.

- NTU Global can provide examples of actual student exchange documentation.

2. Types of exchange

2.1 Any NTU course that has a validated exchange period as part of the course may permit a student to undertake an Erasmus or international exchange provided the
exchange meets the criteria set out in this supplement and the exchange is with an approved NTU partner.

2.2 Any exchange is undertaken as part of a course and is recorded on the student’s record. However, the learning achieved during an exchange counts towards the course in different ways as follows:

a. An **accredited exchange** is where a student is able to transfer the credits gained during the exchange programme to their NTU award;

b. A **non-accredited exchange** is where the credits gained during the exchange programme are not transferred to the student’s NTU award but the exchange is recorded on the Higher Education Achievement Report (HEAR)/diploma supplement.

3. **Principles of exchange**

3.1 For both accredited and non-accredited exchanges, students undertake modules that are relevant to their NTU course.

3.2 In the case of accredited exchanges, the credits undertaken at the partner university need to be equivalent to the amount of credit the student would have achieved during the same period at NTU. The course team must map the learning to be achieved during the exchange against the outcomes that would have been achieved on the ‘home’ NTU course. This mapping should ensure a reasonable match between the exchange learning and the NTU course outcomes.

3.3 Processes for credit transfer and grade conversion are set out early in the process of agreeing an accredited exchange.

3.4 The student support arrangements must be agreed between the course team and each student, and should normally include provision for one key contact per half year by an appropriate NTU member of staff to a student (or group of students) during their exchange.

4. **Academic approval**

4.1 Academic approval of exchange provision falls into three categories:

a. Approval to offer an exchange within a particular course;

b. Approval of an exchange partner;

c. Approval of an individual student’s learning agreement.

4.2 The requirements for approval of each of the above is detailed in the following sections.

5. **Approving an exchange within a course**

5.1 Approval for a course to offer an exchange would normally take place as part of the initial development and approval process, and form part of the approval report.
5.2 Where an existing course is being amended to include an exchange, the modifications to course process should be followed as set out in Quality Handbook Supplement (QHS) 5B.

5.3 The approved course specification is amended to include a reference to the potential for an exchange, particularly in respect of standing arrangements for groups of students, and should form part of the approval documentation presented to SASQC.

5.4 Where the exchange necessitates a change to the course outcomes, or to the award or course title to be conferred on a student, the major revisions to courses process should be followed as set out in QHS 5B.

5.5 Approval of an exchange within a course must take place prior to approval of an exchange partner and of an individual student’s learning agreement.

6. Approving an exchange partner

6.1 In order for a specific exchange partner to be included in an offer to students as part of a course, the partner must be approved.

6.2 A partner approval template needs to be completed, and signed off by NTU Global prior to academic approval.

6.3 As part of the process of approving an exchange partner, the specific arrangements for credit transfer and grade conversion should be established and agreed, where these do not meet the normal country requirements set out in the NTU International Credit Transfer and Grade Conversion Guidelines.

6.4 Following sign off from NTU Global, the proposed partner template needs to be considered and approved by the course committee and by the School Academic Standards and Quality Committee (SASQC).

6.5 An exchange partner must be approved before an individual student’s learning agreement can be approved.

6.6 A formal student exchange agreement needs to be put in place between the University and the partner, prior to any students commencing an exchange.

7. Approving an individual student’s learning agreement

7.1 Each individual student that undertakes an exchange has an approved learning agreement.

7.2 The learning agreement is developed and approved by the course team and is notified to the course committee.

7.3 The learning agreement sets out the individual student’s module choices at the exchange partner. As part of the process of development of the learning agreement, the course team ensures that the chosen modules meet the learning outcomes of the NTU course.
7.4 A student should be made aware in those cases where an accredited exchange makes a significant contribution to the classification of the NTU award, particularly where a student will be studying in a foreign language.

7.5 Arrangements for credit transfer, grade conversion and consequences of module failure must be made clear to students at the outset, and included in the individual learning agreement.

7.6 Where the exchange modules are delivered in a language other than English, a student’s linguistic competence should be sufficient for study on the exchange before the student departs. This should be considered as part of the process of developing the learning agreement.

7.7 A learning agreement must be negotiated and approved before a student commences an exchange.

7.8 Students must inform the course team of any changes to their learning agreement that take place after arrival at the exchange partner to ensure that requirements are still met.

8. **Post-approval**

8.1 NTU Global must be informed about any new exchange arrangements.

8.2 For all exchanges the appropriate College/School Erasmus Study Co-ordinator and the formal contact(s) for the receiving partner institution(s) need to be informed.

8.3 A register of approved exchange partners is maintained by NTU Global.

8.4 A record of approved exchange partners should be maintained by the School, and monitored by SASQC.

9. **Credit transfer and grade conversion**

9.1 Where credit undertaken as part of an exchange contributes to an NTU award, requirements for credit transfer and grade conversion must be established at the outset. All accredited exchanges must use the requirements set out in the NTU International Credit Transfer and Grade Conversion Guidelines in order to ensure transparency and consistency for students.

9.2 The NTU International Credit Transfer and Grade Conversion Guidelines sets out credit transfer and grade conversion requirements on a country by country basis, except where a specific institution does not align with a country norm, or where there is no country norm.

9.3 For new exchange partners, where the credit and/or grading practices do not align to the country norm, partner specific requirements are established, and added to the NTU International Credit Transfer and Grade Conversion Guidelines. This is undertaken at the point of partner approval.

9.4 For European exchanges, the credit points assigned at the partner will normally conform to the tariff of the European Credit Transfer Scheme (ECTS). In such cases, ECTS credit points are doubled for the purposes of credit transfer to the NTU award.
9.5 All credit transfers and grade conversions must be completed in advance of the Board of Examiners.

9.6 The Chair of the NTU Board of Examiners and the external examiner(s) should be informed about the exchange, and the credit transfer and grade conversions used, in advance of the Board meeting so that they can seek clarification on any aspects of the exchange for progression or award purposes.